The following information has been assembled to assist with the preparation of required documents for the various state bar authorities.

I. **DEGREE DATE AND DATES OF ATTENDANCE:**

**Degree Date:** May 24, 2015

**Dates of Attendance:**

If your degree date and/or attendance dates are different, consult the Law School Registrar’s Office staff.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Term</th>
<th>From</th>
<th>To</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2014 Summer</td>
<td>Summer Paris Program: 06/28/14-07/31/14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014-15</td>
<td>Fall</td>
<td>08/27/14</td>
<td>12/19/14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Spring</td>
<td>01/20/15</td>
<td>05/08/15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

II. **OFFICIAL TRANSCRIPTS**

**NOTE:** Official transcripts are issued by the Office of the University Registrar, not the Law School.

Official transcripts can be obtained in person at the Office of the University Registrar, B7 Day Hall or online at the Office of the University Registrar’s website at [http://transcript.cornell.edu](http://transcript.cornell.edu).

III. **NOTARY**

**NOTE:** Please note you may need to plan ahead for notary service.

**Available notaries in the Law School:**

Donna Dingy, 140 MTH, Career Office  
Rosemary Lacey, 160 MTH, Registrar’s Office  
Connie Pendergast, 226 MTH, Admissions Office

IV. **FINGERPRINTING**

**Note:** Not all State Bar Applications require fingerprinting.

**Applications Requiring Fingerprinting:** Fingerprinting is available on campus at the Public Safety Office, G-2 Barton Hall, 24 hours a day. You will need to take the fingerprint card with you, and two forms of picture ID.
V. NEW YORK State Bar Examination

**Dates and Deadlines for the July Examination:** As a rule, the bar exam is always held on the last Tuesday and Wednesday of every February and July.

**Examination Dates** - Tuesday, July 28, 2015 (New York section and Multistate Performance Test (MPT))

Wednesday, July 29, 2015 (Multistate Bar Exam-MBE)

**Application Filing Period** – April 1 – April 30, 2015

*Any application not filed within this time period will be denied and returned.*

*THERE IS NO PROVISION FOR LATE FILING.*

**Application Components:**

**THE NYS APPLICATION: APPLYING TO SIT FOR THE BAR EXAMINATION** – Applicants may apply to sit for the bar examination by filing an online application which is available on the Board’s website. Applicants who do not have access to the online application may contact the Board’s office to request a paper application. To access the online application on the Board’s website click on the quick link for On-Line Application located at the following link: [www.nybarexam.org](http://www.nybarexam.org).

**SPECIMEN OF APPLICANTS HANDWRITING:** A NYS bar applicant is required to furnish a verified Handwriting Sample which is to be completed in the presence of a law school official. The Registrar’s Office will hold two handwriting sessions during the application filing period.

*You must attend ONE of these sessions:*

April 6 at 9:00am in Room G85
April 8 at 4:00pm in Room G85

**AFFIDAVIT:** Please read the application instructions carefully before the handwriting session. I will review the application with you during the handwriting session.

**Qualifying To Sit For The Bar Examination:** Foreign Applicants may qualify to sit for the New York bar Examination: Foreign law school study. *(Section 520.6 of the Rules of the Court of Appeals)* (See, "Foreign Legal Education" section of the BOARD OF LAW EXAMINERS’ website.) Applicants are strongly encouraged to carefully review the eligibility rules under Section 520 of the Rules of the Court of Appeals prior to applying to sit for the bar examination. It is the responsibility of each applicant to be aware of the eligibility requirements of the Rules of the Court of Appeals and the burden is on each applicant to demonstrate their compliance with the requirements of the Court Rules.

**National Conference of Bar Examiners (NCBE) Identification Number:** In order to apply for the July 2015 bar examination (application opens on April 1, 2015), you must have an NCBE Identification Number. If you do not have one, you must visit [www.ncbex.org/ncbe-number](http://www.ncbex.org/ncbe-number) and complete the brief application to receive your NCBE Number. If you already have an NCBE Number do not request a new number. We will be verifying the validity of the NCBE Number you enter on your application. If you enter an invalid NCBE Number your application will be nullified and you may be subject to misconduct charges for furnishing misleading or inaccurate information.
Board of Law Examiners ID ("BOLE ID"): After applying for the bar examination, each applicant will be assigned a unique identification number called a BOLE ID. If you apply online, your BOLE ID will appear on the Invoice/Confirmation page after you have electronically submitted your application. If you are unable to apply online and submit a paper application, your BOLE ID will be included on the Letter of Acknowledgement sent to you after your application has been received and processed by the Board. You should retain your BOLE ID and use it for all future correspondence - oral, written or otherwise - with the Board’s office.

Application Fees - The application fee for the New York State bar examination is set in statute by the New York State Legislature. The application fee for candidates qualifying for the bar examination under Court of Appeals Rule 520.3 (ABA approved law schools), 520.4 (law office study), and 520.5 (unapproved law schools) is $750. If you choose to file the on-line application, the only acceptable form of payment is a credit card (Visa and Master Card only). Debit cards are not accepted. At this time, the only way to use a credit card for payment is by filing an on-line application. The Board cannot accept credit card payment by mail or by phone. If you choose to file a paper application by mail, the only acceptable forms of payment are as follows: certified check or cashier’s check drawn on a U.S. bank, money order or travelers check drawn on a U.S. bank or financial institution. All payments should be made payable to: “NYS Board of Law Examiners.” PERSONAL CHECKS ARE NOT ACCEPTED AND PLEASE DO NOT SEND CASH.

Description of The Bar Examination: The New York State bar examination is administered twice a year on the last Tuesday and Wednesday of every February and July. The bar examination contains two sections, the New York section which is given on Tuesday, and the Multistate Bar Examination (MBE) which is given on Wednesday. The New York section consists of five essay questions and 50 multiple choice questions prepared by the New York Board, and one Multistate Performance Test question, developed by the National Conference of Bar Examiners. The second day of the exam is the MBE section which consists of 200 multiple choice questions. Each day of the examination will consist of a morning session and an afternoon session with a lunch break in between. The examination is given at the same time and date at various testing locations across the state.

Schedule for First Day of the Examination (Tuesday): In the morning session, which begins at 9:00 A.M. and ends at 12:15 P.M., applicants must complete three essays and the 50 multiple choice questions in three hours and 15 minutes. Although applicants are free to use their time as they choose, the Board estimates an allocation of 40 minutes per essay and 1.5 minutes per multiple choice question.

In the afternoon session, which begins at 1:45 P.M. and ends at 4:45 P.M., applicants must complete the remaining two essay questions and the MPT in three hours. Again, although applicants are free to use their time as they choose, the National Conference of Bar Examiners developed the MPT with the intention that it be used as a 90-minute test. Therefore, the Board recommends that applicants allocate 90 minutes to the MPT and 45 minutes to each essay.

Schedule for Second Day of the Examination – MBE (Wednesday): The second day of the examination is the Multistate Bar Examination. The Multistate Bar Examination (MBE) is a six-hour, two-hundred question multiple-choice examination covering contracts, torts, constitutional law, criminal law, evidence, and real property. The examination is divided into two periods of three hours each, one in the morning [9:30am to 12:30pm] and one in the afternoon [2:00pm to 5:00pm], with 100 questions in each period.

New York Local Section: The New York portion is based on both procedural and substantive law.
The subject areas that may be tested on the New York portion of the bar examination are listed in the Content Outline. The Content Outline is intended to indicate, in summary fashion, the potential scope of coverage for the local section of the examination. More than one subject is tested in a single essay question. Except for questions involving federal constitutional law, the New York essay and multiple choice questions are based on the law of New York.

The New York multiple choice questions require the applicant to select the correct answer from among four stated alternatives, of which only one is correct.

Each essay question is designed to test the applicant’s ability to analyze a given set of facts, to identify the issues involved and the applicable principles of law, and to reason from there to a sound conclusion. An essay answer should show a recognition of each issue presented by the material facts, discuss the principles of law applicable thereto and set forth the reasoning by which the conclusion has been reached. The answer should be clear and concise. It should be confined to the particular issues presented and should not include information that is not responsive to the question. Appropriate credit is given in the grading of essay answers for well reasoned analyses of the issues and legal principles involved even though the final conclusion itself may be incorrect.

The ability to effectively communicate is essential to competent legal practice. In grading, consideration is given to whether the answer is appropriately organized; whether the analysis is expressed with precision, clarity, logic and economy; whether relevant facts are cited and analyzed in support of a stated conclusion; whether appropriate legal terms are incorporated into the analysis; and whether overall the answer reflects an ability to communicate in an effective manner.

A compilation of the essay questions and sample above average candidate answers from the three most recent bar examinations are available on this www.nybarexam.org website.

**Multistate Performance Test (MPT):** The MPT, developed by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, is a 90 minute skills question covering legal analysis, fact analysis, problem solving, resolution of ethical dilemmas, organization and management of a lawyering task, and communication.

The Multistate Performance Test is designed to test an applicant’s ability to use fundamental lawyering skills in a realistic situation. Each test evaluates an applicant’s ability to complete a task which a beginning lawyer should be able to accomplish.

The materials for each MPT include a File and a Library. The File consists of source documents containing all the facts of the case. The specific assignment the applicant is to complete is described in a memorandum from a supervising attorney. The File might also include, for example, transcripts of interviews, depositions, hearings or trials, pleadings, correspondence, client documents, contracts, newspaper articles, medical records, police reports, and lawyer’s notes. Relevant as well as irrelevant facts are included. Facts are sometimes ambiguous, incomplete, or even conflicting. As in practice, a client’s or supervising attorney’s version of events may be incomplete or unreliable. Applicants are expected to recognize when facts are inconsistent or missing and are expected to identify sources of additional facts.

The Library consists of cases, statutes, regulations and rules, some of which may not be relevant to the assigned lawyering task. The applicant is expected to extract from the Library the legal principles necessary to analyze the problem and perform the task. The MPT is not a test of substantive law, and problems may arise in a variety of fields. Library materials provide sufficient substantive information to complete the task.
The MPT requires applicants to (1) sort detailed factual materials and separate relevant from irrelevant facts; (2) analyze statutory, case, and administrative materials for relevant principles of law; (3) apply the relevant law to the relevant facts in a manner likely to resolve a client’s problem; (4) identify and resolve ethical dilemmas, when present; (5) communicate effectively in writing; (6) complete a lawyering task within time constraints.

These skills will be tested by requiring applicants to perform one of a variety of lawyering tasks. Although it is not feasible to list all possibilities, examples of tasks applicants might be instructed to complete include writing the following: a memorandum to a supervising attorney; a letter to a client; a persuasive memorandum or brief; a statement of facts; a contract provision; a will; a counseling plan; a proposal for settlement or agreement; a discovery plan; a witness examination plan; a closing argument.

Additional information on the MPT, including the availability of study aids, is available from the National Conference of Bar Examiners at http://www.ncbex.org/about-ncbe-exams/mpt/

**Multistate Bar Examination (MBE):** The MBE includes 190 live test questions in the following areas: Constitutional Law, Contracts, Criminal Law and Procedure, Evidence, Real Property, and Torts. There are 33 questions each in Contracts and Torts and 31 questions each in Constitutional Law, Criminal Law and Procedure, Evidence, and Real Property. In addition the exam contains 10 pretest questions which are indistinguishable from the live test items, but will not be used for scoring purposes.

The questions on the examination are designed to be answered by applying fundamental legal principles rather than local case or statutory law. A given question may indicate the applicable statute, theory of liability, or comparable principle of law.

Many of the questions require applicants to analyze the legal relationships arising from a fact situation or to take a position as an advocate. Some questions call for suggestions about interpreting, drafting, or counseling that might lead to more effective structuring of a transaction.

All questions are multiple choice. Applicants are asked to choose the best answer from the four stated alternatives. The test is designed to give credit only when the applicant has selected the best answer. Therefore, applicants should mark only one answer for each question; multiple answers will not be counted.

Scores are based on the number of questions answered correctly. Applicants are, therefore, advised to answer every question. Time should be used effectively. Applicants should not hurry, but should work steadily and as quickly as possible without sacrificing accuracy. If a question seems too difficult, the applicant is advised to go on to the next one and come back to the skipped question later.

Answer sheets are centrally scored. Both raw scores and scaled scores are computed for each applicant. A raw score is the number of questions answered correctly. Raw scores on different forms of the test are not comparable primarily due to differences in the difficulty of the test forms. A statistical process called equating adjusts for variations in the difficulty of different forms of the examination so that any particular scaled score will represent the same level of performance from test to test.

For instance, if a test were more difficult than previous tests, then the scaled scores on that test would be adjusted upward to account for this difference. The purpose of these adjustments is to help ensure that no applicant is unfairly penalized (or rewarded) for taking a more (or less) difficult form of the test.
Additional information on the MBE, including the availability of sample questions, is available from the National Conference of Bar Examiners at [http://www.ncbex.org/about-ncbe-exams/mbe/](http://www.ncbex.org/about-ncbe-exams/mbe/).

The National Conference of Bar Examiners has developed and released three MBE practice exams which may be used as study aids. MBE Online Practice Exams 1, 2 and 3 are available for purchase at the NCBE Online Store at [http://www.ncbex.org/practice-exams/](http://www.ncbex.org/practice-exams/). Each MBE Online Practice Exam consists of 100 questions drawn from recent actual MBEs, representing the same content distribution as is seen on a full-length MBE. Candidates may take these exams in either timed or untimed sittings, and they will receive feedback on their answers, including annotations and a customized score report.

While the subscription is active, examinees may take the Practice Exam as often as they wish.

**Laptop Program for the NYS Bar Examination:** The New York State Board of Law Examiners permits applicants to use their personal laptop computers (“laptops”) with pre-installed security software to word process their answers to the essay questions and the MPT on the NYS bar examination (Laptop Program).

Applicants must elect to use their own laptop when completing the online application if they plan to type the answers to the essay portion of the examination. Once the application period has ended, an email will be sent to all applicants who elected to use a laptop which will include information regarding purchasing the software and registering the laptop that will be used at the examination. No one will be added to the laptop program after the registration period closes. If an applicant does not choose to use a laptop on the online application or does not timely complete the entire registration process, they will be required to handwrite the answers to the essay questions.

Please carefully consider the following information when determining whether to participate in the Laptop Program:

1. There are certain risks associated with participation in the Laptop Program. Before you register to participate in the Laptop Program, you must read and acknowledge the “Notice to Participants in the NY Bar Examination Laptop Program” a copy of which is located on the laptop page of the Bar Exam Application. As part of this Notice, you will be required to acknowledge and understand that, in the event of any technical difficulties, you will be required to handwrite your essay answers.

2. There is a non-refundable and/or non-transferrable technology fee of $100 which you will be required to pay directly to ExamSoft Worldwide, the software vendor selected for the Laptop Program. Applicants will be contacted by email shortly after the application period ends with the necessary instructions for registering with ExamSoft. You will be required to cooperate with ExamSoft to 1) register for the laptop program; 2) download and install the security software; and 3) certify your laptop for the bar examination. Click here for details about ExamSoft software. Note: Once you have purchased the software, there is a $50 re-installation fee (which you pay directly to ExamSoft) if you need to re-install the software.

3. Laptop Test Centers – The Laptop Program is not available in all test centers. At this time, the Board plans to make laptop seats available at test sites in Manhattan, Westchester, Albany, and Buffalo, and applicants will generally be assigned to sites based on their place of residence. Out of state residents will generally be assigned to a test site in Albany or Buffalo. More specific information regarding test center assignments will follow by email after the application filing period has closed.
4. After the conclusion of the bar exam, applicants will be required to upload their essay answers over the internet to the Examsoft secure site by no later than 8:30 pm (EST) on the Wednesday following the essay day of the exam (MBE day). Failure to do so may result in the disqualification of your answers. Internet access will not be available at the test site to upload your exam files. You must be able to connect the laptop you used to take the bar exam to the internet in order to successfully perform the upload of your essay answers. If you do not think that you will be able to comply with this upload deadline then you should NOT participate in the laptop program.

5. All communications regarding the Laptop Program will be by email only and sent directly from ExamSoft (barsupport@examsoft.com). It is your responsibility to provide a valid email address on your application and to promptly notify the Board and ExamSoft of any change in your email address. The homepage of the Board’s website will be updated when the dates and deadlines to register your laptop for a particular exam are determined. If you do not receive the email regarding purchasing the software and registering your laptop during this time, you should call the Board office. We strongly recommend that laptop candidates add barsupport@examsoft.com to their contacts and safe senders list to assure receipt of all laptop related email communications.

6. You must provide your own laptop which must meet or exceed the following minimum system requirements as determined by ExamSoft:

**MINIMUM SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS**

**Foreign Language Packs:** Candidates who have a laptop with foreign language packs should be sure that you use a font that is recognized in the United States (e.g. Arial, Times New Roman or Courier). NOTE: Users of Asian languages must visit www.examsoft.com/Asian for additional instructions.

**Apple Macintosh Users:** A native version of SofTest is now available for the MAC operating system (Bootcamp is NOT required). See Mac minimum system requirements for more specifics.

**Seating Tickets:** Seating Tickets will generally become available by email to qualified applicants approximately two weeks before the date of the scheduled examination. At that time, seating tickets are also made available to view and print from the home page of the Board’s website. Applicants will need their BOLE ID Number to access their Seating Ticket online. Applicants must present their Seating Ticket to security in order to enter the examination. Therefore, it is important to print and bring a copy of the Seating Ticket to the exam. The seat number assigned in the Seating Ticket is the only means of identification throughout the grading process. Each seat at the examination has a number prominently displayed on a sticker. It is critical that applicants sit in the correct seat, and include the seat number on all examination materials.

**Test Center Locations:** The bar examination is always held in Albany, New York City and Buffalo and may also be given at other locations based on a variety of factors including the availability of test sites. As test sites are confirmed, the locations will be posted on the Board’s website. The Board suggests that you contact your travel agent or visit the Visitors and Convention Bureau of the location where you will be taking the examination for information concerning hotel and travel arrangements.
**Test Center Assignments:** In accordance with Rule 6000.5, each applicant admitted to the examination shall be assigned to a test center in one of the four judicial departments located in the State. Test center assignments will depend on the sites available for a given administration of the exam. All applicants will receive an email sometime after the application period closes to choose and confirm their seat location. Only locations with available seats will be listed in the email. Generally, applicants will be assigned to a test center in the department in which they reside (at the time the application is completed); out of state residents will most likely be able to choose to sit for the exam in Albany or Buffalo, based on which location(s) has available seats at the time the applicant responds to the email. Once a location is filled, it will no longer appear in the email.

**Requests for Change In Test Center Location:** There are no waiting lists for test centers and changes to test center assignments are only made in rare instances and only upon a showing of good cause. Such requests must be mailed to the Board’s office and must be in the form of an affidavit showing the location requested, the reason for the request, and supporting documentation if applicable (i.e., medical necessity verified by a doctor’s certificate). Mere convenience or geographical proximity is not considered good cause. Requests will be decided based on good cause shown and the availability of seats and are completely within the discretion of the Board.

**Administrative Accommodations:** If you want to request permission to bring into the examination room an assistive device, such as a lumbar cushion, diabetic supplies or a lactation pump, you must make a written request to the Board on the form provided by the Board (Administrative Accommodation Request). The request must be received by the Board no later than the first day of the month of the scheduled exam. If the request is granted, the Board will provide a letter granting the request which must be presented to security at the entrance of the test center. If you want to request a special seating arrangement due to a medical condition, such as near a restroom or near the examination room door, you must make a written request to the Board on the form provided by the Board (Administrative Accommodations Request). The request must be received by the Board no later than the first day of the month of the scheduled exam. The Administrative Accommodation Request form can be found at [www.nybarexam.org](http://www.nybarexam.org) website.

**Security Policy:** Prior to the bar examination, you should carefully read and review the Board’s Security Policy. The Security Policy contains important exam day references, such as a list of items which are permitted at the exam (all other items are prohibited) and behaviors which are prohibited at the exam. The Security Policy is frequently updated, and the Policy which applies during the bar examination will be sent to you along with your Seating Ticket. Violations of the Security Policy will be prosecuted by the Board and may result in the imposition of penalties such as nullification of scores, disqualification from sitting for future exams, and notice to the Character and Fitness Committee (See Board Rule 6000.9). The Security Policy can be found at [www.nybarexam.org](http://www.nybarexam.org) website.

**Photo Identification:** All applicants must bring an official government issued picture ID to the examination, which will be checked at all four sessions. Acceptable forms of ID include a U.S. driver’s license, a passport, or other government issued photo ID. A non-U.S. citizen who does not possess a drivers license issued by a U.S. state or territory must present a valid passport for identification. The name on your photo ID must match the name on your seating ticket.

**Exam Day Instructions:** Some important reminders for exam day:
- Review the Board’s Security policy prior to arriving at the examination.
- Do not bring prohibited items (bags, cellphones, notes, etc.) to the examination - leave them at home, in your hotel room, or in your car.
- You must pass through a security checkpoint before entering the examination room. You may not bring any prohibited items (bags, cellphones, notes, etc.) through the security checkpoint.
- If you bring items to the examination site which must be checked, you must arrive early enough to first go through the coat check line AND THEN go through the security line.
- Coat checks are open by 7:00AM each day. You are discouraged from relying on the coat check for storage of prohibited items. The exam will NOT be delayed due to long lines at the coat check.
- All coats and jackets MUST be checked and will NOT be permitted in the exam room.
- You must be in your seat 30 minutes before the start of each exam day: 8:30AM on the New York day (Tuesday) and 9:00AM on the MBE day (Wednesday).
- Once you enter the exam room, you may not leave it at any point except to use the restroom with permission of a proctor. If you violate this rule you may not be allowed to re-enter the exam room and you could be disqualified from completing the exam.
- List to the oral instructions given at the exam, and read the written instructions on your examination materials.
- No applicant may leave their seat during the last 15 minutes of the session for any reason.
- Applicants who do not immediately stop writing or typing when time is called will be reported to the Board and may be found guilty of violating the Board's rule prohibiting Fraud and Dishonesty.
- Your proctor will provide you with your EXIT PASS after you have turned in all your examination materials.
- You must have an EXIT PASS when you complete each session, and you must give your EXIT PASS to security to leave the exam room after each session.
- After you leave the exam room, you may not re-enter until the next testing session.
- Do NOT remove examination materials from the exam room.
- NO writing is allowed on either side of the Seating Ticket.
- NO SMOKING is allowed during the exam.

Fraud, Dishonesty and Other Misconduct (22 NYCRR § 6000.9): Board Rule 6000.9 covers acts of fraud, dishonesty and other misconduct in connection with the application to and the taking of the bar examination. It is recommended that all applicants carefully review Board Rule 6000.9 to familiarize themselves with the type of conduct that is prohibited and the penalties that may be imposed. Acts of fraud, dishonesty and other misconduct will be vigorously prosecuted by the Board and may result in the imposition of penalties as set forth in Board Rule 6000.9. Please note that writing or making any marks or erasures on your exam papers after time is called is subject to discipline under Board Rule 6000.9.

Civility Policy: The Board of Law Examiners has adopted a Civility Policy which governs applicants’ interactions with the Board of Law Examiners. Based on the New York State Standards of Civility for the legal profession which apply to attorneys who practice in New York State (see
Withdrawal from the Examination: Should you decide to withdraw from the examination, you must notify the Board in writing—by fax or by mail—as soon as possible. The application fee is non-refundable except in extremely limited circumstances. If there are extenuating circumstances causing you to withdraw, you may request a credit. All such requests must be received in the Board’s office within 30 days of the exam from which you withdrew. Requests must be in writing and accompanied by appropriate supporting documentation. The reason for the withdrawal and the supporting documentation will be reviewed by the Board to determine if there is a valid basis to credit the fee. If you applied online and paid your fee by credit card, you may be held responsible for any penalties incurred by the Board should you cancel the credit card charge for any reason.

Repeated Withdrawal from the Exam/ Failure to Appear: Pursuant to Board Rule 6000.6(i), any applicant who has withdrawn from or failed to appear for two or more bar examinations must apply to the Board for permission to re-apply before taking another bar examination. Applications to re-apply should be received in the Board’s office two weeks before the filing deadline of the exam you wish to take. The filing deadlines cannot be waived or extended (see Board Rule 6000.10[b]). Applications must be in the form of an affidavit which means that you must swear under oath and under penalty of perjury that its contents are truthful and accurate, and your statement must be witnessed by a notary.

Applications must include:
1. Your name, age, residence address, email address and phone number;
2. The facts which caused you to withdraw from or to fail to appear for each and every bar examination, not just the two most recent bar exam; and
3. The facts which support your request to re-apply including a discussion of what steps you have taken - or what has changed in your circumstances - to make it possible for you to appear for a future exam.

Applications should include wherever possible supporting documentation which confirms the reasons why you withdrew or failed to appear for each and every exam. Examples include medical documentation, police reports, death notices, employment letters and the like.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Do NOT include any staples, paperclips, binding and/or exhibit tabs with your application. Applications are scanned upon receipt and using such materials may cause your application to be rejected.

Absence from Exam or Any Part Thereof [Board Rule 6000.6(F)]: Applicants must take all sections of the examination to receive a grade. Applicants must take both sessions of the New York section of the bar examination at the designated location in New York State and both sessions of the MBE section, either in New York State or concurrently in another jurisdiction. Any applicant who is not present for both sessions of the New York section will not be permitted to take the MBE in New York on the following day. No applicant will be admitted to the examination more than one half hour after the examination session begins. An applicant who fails to appear for one session of the examination shall not be admitted to a later session. Any examination papers submitted by an applicant who does not take the entire examination will not be graded, their application fee shall be forfeited, it will be counted as a
“failure to appear,” and a new application must be filed for any future examination. Such applicants do not get the benefit of the 14 day extension period for filing a re-application for the bar examination.

**Change of Address:** Applicants have a continuing obligation until the release of examination results to notify the Board of any change in their residence, correspondence and/or email addresses. In addition, any candidate who lives outside the state and works full-time in the state must notify the Board of their New York employment address. **Seat assignments for the examination are based on the address given at the time of application. Change of address requests which affect seating for the bar examination may not be processed until after the bar examination has been administered.** Candidates who pass the examination are certified to one of the four Departments of the Appellate Division based on the address on file with the Board on October 15 for a July exam and April 15 for a February exam. Once you are certified for admission, any change of address MUST be made through the Appellate Division to which you were certified and not through the Board. Applicants may request a Change of Address by accessing their online account at www.nybarexam.org website.

**Passing Score Required for Bar Exam:** A final total weighted scaled score of 665 is required to pass the examination, and any applicant who fails to attain a total weighted scaled score of 665 must retake the entire examination at a subsequent administration. There is no appeal from the final total weighted scaled score.

**Grading of Bar Examination:** The answers to the five essay questions and the MPT are each graded in accordance with a predetermined marking formula, and the grades attained by the applicant on the respective questions are the raw essay scores. The total number of questions answered correctly by an applicant on the 50 New York multiple choice questions is the raw score for that portion, and the number of questions answered correctly on the MBE questions is the applicant's raw score for the MBE portion.

Through psychometrically approved scaling procedures, the raw scores attained by the applicants on each portion of the examination are converted to scaled scores on a common scale of 0 to 1000, and the three scaled scores are then weighted and combined to yield total weighted scaled scores on the same 0 to 1000 scale. The relative weights assigned are 50% to the written portion (40% essays and 10% MPT), 10% to the New York multiple choice, and 40% to the MBE portion.

The essay and MPT answers of each applicant who receives an initial total weighted scaled score of 655 through 664 are re-read and re-graded by graders other than the initial graders. The examination scores are then recomputed to determine each applicant's final scaled score. There is no appeal from this final score.

There is no passing or failing on any one portion of the examination. Thus, a poor performance on one section of the examination may be offset by a superior performance on another section. Passing or failing is determined only on the basis of the applicant's total weighted scaled score.

**Results of Bar Examination:** The results of the bar examination, in the form of written pass/fail notices, are emailed to all applicants on the same day. The day the results are released, a private results lookup screen will also be available online for all applicants to view their results. The next day, a list of all successful applicants will be posted on this website and on the website of the New York Law Journal. While the Board does not set a specific date for the release of bar exam results, historically results from the July examination are released in mid-November, and the results of the February examination are released in mid-May.
Each successful applicant who has also furnished proof of successful completion of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination (MPRE) is certified by the Board for admission to the bar. Each successful applicant who has not furnished proof of successful completion of the MPRE is also notified of that fact in writing. As the MPRE scores of those applicants are received, they are certified for admission.

The Board usually certifies on a weekly basis, and it is very important for applicants to keep their current addresses on file with the Board so that they may be certified to the correct department upon receipt of their MPRE scores.

**Application for Admission/Character and Fitness Investigation:** Applicants who are successful on the bar exam and the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination will be certified by the Board to the Appellate Division to conduct the Character and Fitness Review. New York State's Supreme Court, Appellate Division, is divided into four Judicial Departments and each Department handles its own admission determinations. You will automatically be assigned to one of the Departments on the basis of your residence address. A list of the counties in each Judicial Department may be accessed by clicking on the Admission Information in the table of contents on the homepage of this site. If you reside outside New York State but are employed full-time therein, you are assigned on the basis of your employment address. Residence takes precedence over employment if you reside and work in New York State. If you neither reside nor work in New York State, you are assigned to the Third Department. The Application for Admission to Practice as an Attorney in New York is uniform for the four Appellate Division Departments and is to be used by both applicants who have passed the bar examination and applicants applying for admission on motion. In the Second, Third and Fourth Departments, the Application for Admission may be filed at any time after the applicant has taken the bar examination, regardless of whether or not the results of the bar examination have been issued. In the First Department, the application papers may be filed only after you have received notification that you have passed the examination and have been certified by the Board of Law Examiners to the First Judicial Department. Prior to certification it is not necessary to notify the Appellate Division of your change of address. Once you have been certified by the Board, however, any change in address must be made upon application to the Department to which you have been certified. Any questions regarding these forms should be directed to the Appellate Division in the appropriate Department. Please note that your application for admission must be filed within three (3) years from the date of the initial letter sent by the Board notifying you that you have passed the bar examination. A failure to file your Application for Admission within three (3) years of the date of the bar exam pass notice will result in your having to re-take the bar exam.

**NEW 50 HOUR PRO BONO REQUIREMENT:** Beginning in January 2013, a new rule affecting bar admission in New York will be in effect. All candidates seeking admission after January 1, 2015, will need to file documentation showing that they have completed 50 hours of qualifying pro bono work, as required by Rule 520.16 of the Rules of the Court of Appeals. This means that JD and LL.M. graduates of the class of 2015 will be impacted and will need to comply. The requirement need not be fulfilled before you apply to take the NY bar exam; however, the 50 hours must be completed before filing your application for admission.

For further information regarding the implementation and requirements of the new rule, along with Frequently Asked Questions, please visit [http://www.nycourts.gov/attorneys/probono/baradmissionreqs.shtml](http://www.nycourts.gov/attorneys/probono/baradmissionreqs.shtml).

The FAQs contain information on the web address and toll free telephone number in the event
that you have an inquiry.

**Pro Bono Requirement for Bar Admission** (effective January 1, 2013)

(a) Fifty-hour pro bono requirement. Every applicant admitted to the New York State bar on or after January 1, 2015, other than applicants for admission without examination pursuant to section 520.10 of this Part, shall complete at least 50 hours of qualifying pro bono service prior to filing an application for admission with the appropriate Appellate Division department of the Supreme Court.

(b) Pro bono service defined. For purposes of this section, pro bono service is supervised pre-admission law-related work that:

1. assists in the provision of legal services without charge for
   (i) persons of limited means;
   (ii) not-for-profit organizations; or
   (iii) individuals, groups or organizations seeking to secure or promote access to justice, including, but not limited to, the protection of civil rights, civil liberties or public rights;

2. assists in the provision of legal assistance in public service for a judicial, legislative, executive or other governmental entity; or

3. provides legal services pursuant to subdivisions two and three of section 484 of the Judiciary Law, or pursuant to equivalent legal authority in the jurisdiction where the services are performed.

(c) Supervision required. All qualifying pre-admission pro bono work must be performed under the supervision of:

1. a member of a law school faculty, including adjunct faculty, or an instructor employed by a law school;

2. an attorney admitted to practice and in good standing in the jurisdiction where the work is performed; or

3. in the case of a clerkship or externship in a court system, by a judge or attorney employed by the court system.

(d) Location of pro bono service. The 50 hours of pro bono service, or any portion thereof, may be completed in any state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any foreign country.

(e) Timing of pro bono service. The 50 hours of pro bono service may be performed at any time after the commencement of the applicant’s legal studies and prior to filing an application for admission to the New York State bar.

(f) Proof required. Every applicant for admission shall file with the appropriate Appellate Division department an Affidavit of Compliance with the Pro Bono Requirement, describing the nature and dates of pro bono service and the number of hours completed. The Affidavit of Compliance shall include a certification by the supervising attorney or judge confirming the applicant’s pro bono activities. For each position used to satisfy the 50-hour requirement, the applicant shall file a separate Affidavit of Compliance. (g) Prohibition on political activities. An applicant may not satisfy any part of the 50-hour requirement by participating in partisan political activities.

**FOREIGN LEGAL EDUCATION**

1. INTRODUCTION

Section 520.6 of the Rules of the Court of Appeals for the Admission of Attorneys and Counselors at Law (22 NYCRR 520.6) contains the eligibility requirements for applicants who wish to qualify for the New York State bar examination based on the study of law in a foreign country. Rule 520.6 also incorporates
by reference many provisions from Rule 520.3. Compliance with the requirements of the Rules of the Court of Appeals must be proven to the satisfaction of the Board before an applicant may be permitted to sit for the bar examination. Therefore, applicants should carefully review Rules 520.6 and 520.3 before applying to sit for the New York State bar examination.

2. ADVANCE EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY
To establish eligibility for the bar examination, all first-time applicants under Rule 520.6 must complete an online Foreign Evaluation Form and submit other required documentation such as transcripts. Please note that in most instances, a transcript alone will NOT be enough to determine your eligibility for the examination. We urge you to carefully review Section VI, below, for a complete list of all the supporting documentation you will be required to submit.

3. DEADLINES FOR REQUESTING ADVANCE EVALUATION OF ELIGIBILITY

A. Applicants requiring an LL.M. to qualify for the examination. If you need to “cure” a deficiency in your foreign legal education by completing an LL.M. degree at an approved law school in the United States, you MUST seek an Advance Evaluation of Eligibility from the Board. Because of the volume of these applications, their complexity and the frequent need to communicate with these applicants and request more information concerning their eligibility, it can take up to six (6) months from the date of the Board’s receipt of all required documentation for an eligibility decision to be made. While we encourage applicants to seek an evaluation at least one year in advance of taking the bar exam, to ensure that you receive a timely decision on your eligibility, the Board requires that you submit all documentation at least six months prior to the first day of the application period of the examination you plan to take. The following deadlines apply:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXAM</th>
<th>DOCUMENTS</th>
<th>DEADLINE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JULY</td>
<td>Online Foreign Evaluation AND all Required Foreign Documentation</td>
<td>October 1 of the year preceding the exam you wish to sit.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Applicants Qualifying for the Bar Exam Without the Need for an LL.M. Degree from a U.S. Law School. For your personal planning purposes, and to ensure that you receive a timely decision on your eligibility, the Board strongly encourages you to complete the online Foreign Evaluation Form AND submit all required supporting documentation at least six months prior to the first day of the application period of the examination you plan to take. If you are unable to meet this six month timeframe, the following deadlines will apply:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EXAM</th>
<th>DOCUMENTS</th>
<th>DEADLINE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JULY</td>
<td>Online Foreign Evaluation</td>
<td>April 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Required Foreign Documentation</td>
<td>June 15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. The Board will not commence review of any request for an evaluation for any applicant requiring an LL.M. degree until it is in receipt of all required foreign documentation. Such applicants should allow at least six months from the date of the Board’s receipt of all of the necessary documentation for a decision to be made.

D. We strongly advise applicants requiring an LL.M. degree to wait until you have received a determination on your Request for Evaluation before submitting an application to sit for the examination and paying the $750 application fee.
E. If an LL.M. applicant submits an application to sit for the bar examination (and thus pays the $750 application fee) prior to receiving a determination of eligibility, such applicant does so at his or her own risk in that the $750 application fee will not be refunded or credited if a determination cannot be made in time for such exam or if it is later determined that the applicant is ineligible.

F. To request an evaluation of your credentials, click on the link located at the bottom of this page to create an online account. Upon creation of the account, you will be assigned a unique BOLE Identification Number which you must use for all correspondence and applications with the Board. However, we encourage you to carefully review all of the following information before completing the online Foreign Evaluation form.

4. SYNOPSIS OF REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 520.6

A. Rule 520.6 (b) (1) (most applicants will be applying under this provision) has four major eligibility requirements:

1. Qualifying Degree (520.6 [b] [1]). The foreign-educated applicant must have fulfilled the educational requirements for admission to the practice of law in a foreign country other than the United States. The applicant must have a qualifying degree, which must be a degree in law.

2. Accreditation (520.6[b][1]). The qualifying degree must be from a law school or schools recognized by a competent accrediting agency of the government of the foreign country and must be deemed qualified and approved.

3. Durational Equivalence (520.6 [b] [1] [i] [a]). The applicant’s period of law study must be successfully completed. The program of study must also be “substantially” equivalent in duration to a full-time or part-time program required at a law school in the United States approved by the American Bar Association (ABA) and in substantial compliance with the instructional and academic calendar requirements of section 520.3(c)(1)(i) and (ii) and 520.3(d)(2).

4. Substantial Equivalence (520.3[b] [1] [i] [b]). The foreign country’s jurisprudence must be based upon the principles of the English Common Law, and the "program and course of law study" successfully completed by the applicant must be the “substantial” equivalent of the legal education provided by an ABA-approved law school in the United States.

5. “CURE” PROVISION (Rule 520.6 [b] [1] [ii] and 520.6 [b] [2]).
An applicant, whether educated in a Common Law or non-common law country, whose legal education is not of sufficient duration or not substantively equivalent to an ABA-approved law school program, may cure the durational or substantive deficiency (but not both). On April 27, 2011, the New York Court of Appeals amended Rule 520.6 (b). [http://www.nybarexam.org/Docs/Amended_Rule_520.6_April27_2011.pdf] Most provisions of the amended Rule do not apply to programs in effect prior to the 2012-2013 academic year. The following is a synopsis of how the Board of Law Examiners interprets and applies the “cure provision” for (1) programs completed or commenced prior to the 2012-2013 academic year and (2) programs commencing in the 2012-2013 academic year. A comparison chart is also provided at the bottom of this page.

B. PROGRAMS COMMENCING IN THE 2012-2013 ACADEMIC YEAR
Applicants enrolled in a program commencing in the 2012-2013 academic may cure the duration or substantive deficiency (but not both) by obtaining an LL.M. degree (Master of Law) at an ABA-approved law school in the United States.

1. LL.M. degree. Applicants who commence a program in the 2012- 2013 academic
year must successfully complete the requirements of and be awarded an LL.M. degree within 24 months of matriculation. A completed transcript showing that a qualifying LL.M. degree was awarded will be required before an applicant is qualified to sit for the bar exam.

2. **Minimum of 24 Semester Hours of Credit.** For applicants who commence a program in the 2012-2013 academic year, the LL.M. degree program must consist of a minimum of 24 semester hours of credit. All 24 credits (except as otherwise permitted) must be in courses requiring classroom instruction with a minimum of 700 minutes of instruction time per credit, exclusive of examination time.

3. **Period of Instruction.** For applicants who commence a program in the 2012-2013 academic year, the LL.M. degree program must take place over at least two (non-summer) semesters of at least 13 calendar weeks each, or the equivalent, exclusive of reading periods, examinations and breaks. The program cannot be completed exclusively during summer semesters; however, a maximum of four credits may be earned in summer courses.

4. **Approved Law School.** Approved law school means a United States law school approved by the ABA. Please note that the Board cannot recommend a particular law school nor does the Board maintain a list of schools that offer programs that will satisfy Rule 520.6. You may consult the ABA’s Section on Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar at their website (http://www.abanet.org/legaled) to obtain a list of ABA-approved law schools.

5. **All coursework to be completed in the United States.** All coursework must be physically completed at the campus of the ABA-approved law school in the United States. ANY class taken at a law school’s campus in a foreign country does NOT qualify toward the 24-credit requirement for the LL.M. degree. No credit is allowed for distance, correspondence or external study or for an online program or course.

6. **Required Coursework.** For applicants who commence a program in the 2012-2013 academic year, the LL.M. degree program must include: (i) at least two semester hours of credit in professional responsibility, (ii) at least two credits in a legal research, writing and analysis course (which may NOT be satisfied by a research and writing requirement in a substantive course), (iii) at least two credits in a course on American legal studies, the American legal system or a similar course designed to introduce students to U.S. law, and (iv) at least six credits in subjects tested on the New York bar examination (where a principal focus of the course includes material contained in the Content Outline published by the Board).

7. **Permissible Coursework.** For applicants who commence a program in the 2012-2013 academic year, the LL.M. degree program may include: (i) a maximum of four credits in clinical courses (so long as the clinic course has a classroom component, the clinical work is performed under the direct supervision of a member of the law school faculty and the educational benefit is commensurate with credit awarded) and (ii) a maximum of six credits in other courses related to legal training (so long as the course is taught by a faculty member at law school awarding the LL.M. or an affiliate school and the course is completed at a campus in the United States).

8. **Impermissible Coursework/Credit.** Applicants may not count credits in “independent study”, directed study, research papers or projects or externships toward the 24 semester hours of credit required to qualify for the bar exam.

6. **SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION**

A. All supporting documentation must come directly from the issuing institutions and/or government agencies in a sealed envelope.

B. The documentation must consist of originals or copies certified directly by the issuing school or institution.
C. Faxed copies, photocopies certified by a notary public, and/or photocopies certified by anyone other than an official at the issuing school or institution will NOT be considered.
D. All documentation and correspondence should contain applicant’s BOLE identification number.
E. All documents become the property of the Board and will not be returned.
F. Do NOT send in any documents before you complete the online foreign evaluation as the Board does not retain documents that cannot be linked to an active BOLE account.
G. Do NOT send your documents in the same mailing envelope as another candidate.

7. REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION

A. Rule 520.6 (b) (1) applicants (i.e., MOST foreign-educated applicants):
   1. **Official Transcript(s).** Submit a final, official transcript directly from every law school attended that includes the dates of attendance for each period of study, the courses taken and passed for each period of study, the grades, the degree awarded, and the date the degree was awarded.
   2. **Degree Certificate.** If the official transcript does not clearly state the degree awarded and/or the date such degree was awarded, you must also furnish the degree certificate.
   3. **Proof of fulfillment of the educational requirements for admission to the practice of law in the foreign country.**
      (a) If you are admitted to practice law in a foreign country, attach a copy of your admission certificate, OR
      (b) If you are not admitted to practice law in a foreign country, submit proof of the educational requirements for admission to practice law in your country and proof from the bar admission authorities that you have fulfilled these requirements.
   4. **Accreditation.** Submit a written statement from the competent accrediting agency of your foreign government that the law school or schools you attended were recognized by them as qualified and approved throughout your period of study.
   5. **LL.M. Certificate of Attendance Form.** Applicants relying on the cure provision must have his or her law school submit the LL.M. Certificate of Attendance Form directly to the State Board of Law Examiners together with an official transcript.

8. ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION (if required):

A. **Supplement to transcript.** If the Board determines that your official transcript does not confirm that your legal education complies with the durational and substantive requirements of Rule 520.6 (b) (1), additional documentation from your law school will be required. You will be advised if such additional documentation is needed.
   1. **Proof of durationally equivalent legal education.**
      Rule 520.6 (b) (1) requires successful completion of law school study that is at least substantially equivalent in duration to that required under subdivisions (c)(1)(i) and (ii) and (d)(2) of Rule 520.3. If your official transcript does not clearly confirm that your law degree was based on classroom study that is substantially
equivalent in duration to the number of credits and minutes of instruction as required by Rule 520.3, then it will be necessary for you to provide a written statement from your law school or schools confirming the total number of credits and minutes of instruction per credit that were successfully completed during your program of study.

2. **Proof of substantively equivalent legal education.**
   Rule 520.6 (b) (1) (i) (b) requires successful completion of law school study that is substantially equivalent of the legal education provided by an approved law school in the United States. If your official transcript does not clearly confirm that your law school study is substantially equivalent of the legal education provided by an approved law school in the United States, then it will be necessary for you to provide from your law school or schools any additional documentation as requested by the Board.

**B. English translation.** If the law school transcripts, degree certificate, or any of the other documentation requested above are not in English, you must also furnish English translations of the documents prepared by an official translator. Translations made by the applicant will not be accepted. Translations may be mailed to the Board under separate cover and need not come directly from the issuing school or university. If you do not have a copy of the transcript from which to produce an English translation, then you should order a second original from your school – one to be sent directly to the Board, and one to yourself – to be used as a reference for the English translation.

**Comparison of “Cure Provision” Requirements for Existing Rule 520.6 and Amended Rule 520.6**

**VI. All OTHER JURISDICTIONS**

Certification of Law School attendance/graduation is required by state bar authorities. Many states require the certification on a specific form; others accept the certification on Law School letterhead.

It is your responsibility to obtain any necessary documents, and submit them to the Law School Registrar’s Office with instructions for:

(a) when they must be submitted, and
(b) where they must be sent.

Do not wait until the last minute to do this. Keep in mind that certificates of Law School graduation executed before May 24, 2015, must be prospective.

**VIII. MULTISTATE PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY EXAMINATION (MPRE)**

**Purpose:** The purpose of the MPRE is to measure the examinee’s knowledge and understanding of established standards related to a lawyer’s professional conduct; the MPRE is not a test to determine an individual’s personal ethical values. Lawyers serve in many capacities: for example, as judges, advocates, counselors, and in other roles. The law governing the conduct of lawyers in these roles is
applied in disciplinary and bar admission procedures, and by courts in dealing with issues of appearance, representation, privilege, disqualification, and contempt or other censure, and in lawsuits seeking to establish liability for malpractice and other civil or criminal wrongs committed by a lawyer while acting in a professional capacity.

**Overview of the MPRE:** The MPRE consists of 60 multiple-choice questions. There are 50 scored questions and 10 nonscored pretest questions. Since the pretest questions are indistinguishable from those that are scored, it is important that examinees answer all questions in the examination. Examinees will have two hours to answer all questions.

**Subject Matter:** The MPRE is based on the law governing the conduct of lawyers, including the disciplinary rules of professional conduct currently articulated in the American Bar Association (ABA) Model Rules of Professional Conduct, the ABA Model Code of Judicial Conduct, and controlling constitutional decisions and generally accepted principles established in leading federal and state cases and in procedural and evidentiary rules. Amendments to the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct or the ABA Model Code of Judicial Conduct will be reflected in the examination no earlier than one year after the approval of the amendments by the American Bar Association. The MPRE Subject Matter Outline indicates the MPRE’s scope of coverage and the approximate percentage of items that are included in each major area.

**Test Questions:** Test questions covering judicial ethics apply the current ABA Model Code of Judicial Conduct. Other questions will deal with discipline of lawyers by state disciplinary authorities; in these questions, the correct answer will be governed by the current ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct. The remaining questions, outside the disciplinary context, are designed to measure an understanding of the generally accepted rules, principles, and common law regulating the legal profession in the United States; in these questions, the correct answer will be governed by the view reflected in a majority of cases, statutes, or regulations on the subject. To the extent that questions of professional responsibility arise in the context of procedural or evidentiary issues, such as the availability of litigation sanctions or the scope of the attorney-client evidentiary privilege, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the Federal Rules of Evidence will be assumed to apply, unless otherwise stated. As a general rule, particular local statutes or rules of court will not be tested on the MPRE. However, a specific question may include the text of a local statute or rule that must be considered when answering that question.

Each of the questions on the MPRE provides a factual situation along with a specific question and four possible answers. The examinee should choose the best answer from the four stated options. The examinee should mark only one answer for each question; multiple answers will be scored as incorrect. Since scores are based on the number of questions answered correctly, the examinee is advised to answer every question. If a question seems too difficult, the examinee is advised to go on to the next question and come back to the skipped question later.

Please refer to the MPRE Subject Matter Outline for the MPRE’s scope of coverage and the approximate percentage of items that are included in each major area. Refer to the MPRE Sample Test Questions for examples of test questions similar to those on the MPRE. For key words and phrases included in MPRE questions, see MPRE FAQs.
Test Dates, Deadlines, and Fees

Registration Deadlines
Online registrations must be submitted by 11:59 p.m. eastern time on the late registration deadline. Telephone registrations must be completed by 4:45 p.m. eastern time on the late registration deadline. Absolutely no registrations will be accepted after the late registration deadline. Applicants must have an NCBE Number in order to register for the MPRE.

Please see Register for the MPRE at www.ncbex.org/about-ncbe-exams/mpre for more information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Date*</th>
<th>Regular Registration Deadline ($80)</th>
<th>Late Registration Deadline** ($160)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sat., November 7, 2015</td>
<td>September 17, 2015</td>
<td>September 24, 2015</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Saturday Sabbath Observers: If your religious beliefs preclude you from taking the MPRE on a Saturday, then you may apply with LSAC to take the exam on the following Monday. To request to take the exam on Monday, you must provide a letter on official stationery from your cleric confirming your affiliation with a recognized religious entity that observes its Sabbath throughout the year on Saturday. The letter must be received by LSAC by the late registration deadline or you will not be allowed to test.

** ADA Accommodations Requests: All ADA accommodations requests must be RECEIVED by the late registration deadline; NO exceptions.

Registration Fees
The MPRE fee for applications received on or before the regular receipt deadline is $80. The MPRE fee for applications received after the regular receipt deadline but before the late receipt deadline is $160. The MPRE fee must be paid by credit card (Visa, MasterCard, American Express, or Discover only) or by e-check. All fees are nonrefundable and nontransferable. There is no provision for makeup testing.

The e-mail confirmation of registration includes the fees paid and serves as a fee receipt. Separate fee receipts are not provided.

The application fee entitles you to receive a score report and to have a score report sent to the board of bar examiners of the jurisdiction you designate in your registration application. You may request additional score reports after the examination through MPRE Score Services or at www.ncbex.org/about-ncbe-exams/mpre.
ATTENTION: ALL GRADUATES

PLEASE COMPLETE THE INFORMATION BELOW AND RETURN THIS FORM TO THE LAW SCHOOL REGISTRAR IN ROOM 160 MYRON TAYLOR HALL.

print your name

Degree

Check one:

[ ] I will sit for the __________________________ state bar exam

enter state(s) name

in (check one) ___________ 2015 ___________ 2016

July February

[ ] I do not plan to sit for a bar examination at this time.

Employment Information

Employer Name

Address

City ______ State ______ Zip

(____) -

Employer Phone Number